Communities In Transition

Area: East Belfast

Theme: Community Development

Date: 14/1/2019

Number of attendee's: 15

1. Proposed interventions discussed to address the issues identified in Phase 1 fieldwork?

One to one <u>mentoring of young people</u> – to assist with basic foundational personal development skills (eg getting out of bed, interview skills);

Childcare for Young Mums (so they can attend empowerment programmes)

A specific programme to support those living with the particular stresses of living at interface wall

2. Comments on current community capacity to address issues identified?

There was confusion about how this initiative might link or overlap with existing programmes (eg Neighbourhood Renewal, TBUC), and the view that support for local programmes currently working were a priority

There was a strong view that the 'fear factor' was still a major obstacle in getting communities involved in programmes

Outcomes that participants suggested these interventions would achieve?
 Mentoring would lead young people into employment and away from drug-use, debt and crime

Childcare for young mums which reduces social isolation, builds community capacity and family resilience, develops new voices in community Interface programme – no specific outcomes mentioned

4. How did participants suggest we will know if these projects/interventions have succeeded? (indicators/measures)

Notions about seeing new confidence in the community, more neighbourliness, and less fear

5. Target beneficiaries/participants of the suggested interventions?

As 2 – hard to reach youth, young mums and interface residents

There was a thread of frustration throughout the conversation about how paramilitaries/criminals were outside of this process and yet could 'scupper' any new initiatives. The participants also talked about looking for new models of dealing with gangs/criminals.

6. How did participants suggest these projects/interventions will build the capacity/capability in the community?

As 3 – more jobs = less drug-use, less debt, less crime; more support for young mums = greater stability within family, less domestic violence, different choices made.

- 7. How did participants suggest these projects/interventions will support the overall objectives of the Tackling Paramilitarism Executive Action Plan...?
 - a. Paramilitarism has no place.

Participants recognised that without dealing directly with paramilitaries, then all new or existing programmes were limited

- b. Citizens and communities feel safe and confident.
 - Participants felt that individuals needed a personal sense of pride and clear identity, as well as communities needing to develop a particular civic pride
- c. The public support and have increased confidence in the justice system. Participants were very interested in creating a more integrated approach to police-community relations, but were unsure as to how this might be achieved
- d. Support is available for those who wish to move away from paramilitary activity and structures

 Stated previously in 3.
- 8. Any dependencies identified by participants? N/A

9. Any risks identified by participants?

Continued concern about the absence of known paramilitaries/associated community groups - questions regarding how the programme will end paramilitary activity if the organisations are not engaging and concerns that paramilitaries might 'deliberately scupper' projects emerging from the programme.

10. Any other comments made by participants?

Ideas mentioned during Phase One (dealing with debt, anti-racism training) were briefly raised again, but mostly to say that there were existing programmes addressing this (partially, if not adequately). Participants wanted on-going positive work to receive at least as much support as any new initiatives.

Concerns about the lag between last year's consultation and these sessions - feelings that goodwill toward programme was gone. Other complaints about communication in general.

11. Is a further follow-up workshop required? Please provide details.

Perhaps outreach sessions to explore and more clearly define the interventions outlined by participants.